

Industrial companies are increasingly prioritizing their long-neglected service business. But many are struggling to find the right commercial model.

By Karl Strempel, Mattias C. Karlsson, Tamara Lewis, Pascal Roth, Moritz Classen, and Thomas Friedli





Authors

Karl Strempel, Mattias C. Karlsson, Tamara Lewis, and Pascal Roth are partners in Bain & Company's Advanced Manufacturing & Services practice. They're based in Dusseldorf, Stockholm, Seattle, and Zurich, respectively. Moritz Classen is a former research associate and Thomas Friedli is a professor of production management at the University of St.Gallen's Institute of Technology Management in St. Gallen, Switzerland.

At a Glance

- Industrial companies are sharpening the focus on growing their service business, as machinery buyers prioritize conserving cash and extending the life span of their existing equipment.
- But many have had trouble landing on the right go-to-market strategy.
- The most successful companies systematically identify market and customer opportunities, define the route-to-market and commercial responsibilities, and rigorously manage the service sales team's performance.

With industrial machinery buyers prioritizing cash conservation and extending the life span of their existing equipment, a growing number of industrial executives are recognizing that a sometimes-overlooked piece of their company could hold the key to unleashing growth: the service business.

Some industrial companies have historically treated service as an afterthought, and instead directed most of the company's R&D investments, resources and talent, and management attention toward new equipment sales.

Now, those priorities are shifting; service has risen to the top of executives' agendas across manufacturing and other industrial sectors. Why?

Many industrial companies now operate in mature markets and face headwinds that make it challenging to grow their new equipment sales. In addition, it's becoming clearer that service is not only a stabilizer of the business, but also the source of significant growth opportunities in both the short and long term. That's because effective service can increase the lifetime value of products, help retain customers, stabilize the company's revenue against external shocks, and grow profits. Moreover, the transition to value-added services—a combination of product, service, and digital solutions—and new monetization models is shining an even brighter spotlight on the service business.

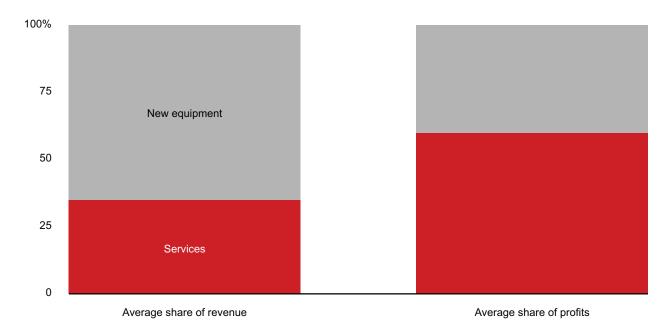
Priorities are shifting; service has risen to the top of executives' agendas across manufacturing and other industrial sectors.

Services already contribute significantly to industrial companies' top and bottom lines. In a Bain & Company survey of 51 industrial companies worldwide last year, services on average constituted 35% of their revenue and 60% of profits (see *Figure 1*).

Now, industrial firms have an opportunity to increase those numbers, as the Covid-19 pandemic has made effective service an imperative. Travel restrictions have expanded the use of digitally enabled services. Meanwhile, customers' emphasis on preserving cash during the pandemic is here to stay. Rather than investing in new machinery and equipment, many are trying to extend the life span of their existing assets, which is dialing up the pressure on industrial companies to find new revenue sources in other areas such as services. Lastly, the pandemic has forced customers to invest more in supply chain reliability and operational continuity, which means they value high-quality service more than ever.

The challenge for industrial companies is that many have a long way to go to reach full potential in their service business, often because they're struggling to find the right commercial model. In a recent survey of managers and frontline employees at 54 global industrial companies by the University of St.Gallen's Institute of Technology Management, only 13% of respondents said they consider their company's service sales strategy to be "excellent" or "exceptional."

Figure 1: Services contribute significantly to industrial companies' top and bottom lines



Source: Bain service benchmarking study 2020 (n=51)

Companies that develop an effective go-to-market strategy for their service business can quickly reap significant rewards. Leading companies have increased their service business's annual revenue by 20% to 30% within three years by honing their sales approach, and they doubled or tripled service revenue for individual products across each one's life cycle. Of course, the upside will vary depending on a number of factors, most notably the size of the company's installed base and current share of services provided to those customers.

Honing the go-to-market strategy

Our analysis of leading companies found the go-to-market strategies for their service businesses have three things in common.

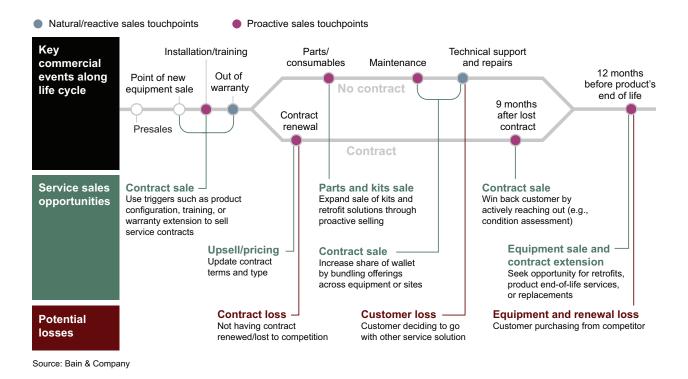
- They systematically identify market and specific customer opportunities.
- They clearly define the route-to-market and commercial responsibilities.
- They rigorously manage the service sales team's execution and performance.

Systematically targeting market opportunities. The most effective service organizations clearly understand the commercial opportunities in their installed base. They implement a plan to systematically, proactively target commercial touchpoints across the entire service life cycle, deploying advanced analytics in areas such as point of sale, product warranty, and contract renewal (see *Figure 2*).

In the University of St.Gallen survey, 10 companies with the best service orientation and service sales performance were identified as leaders. Of the top performers, 75% said they systematically assess the installed base for service sales opportunities, compared with just 44% among the followers. When selling services, 71% of top performers assess the total value opportunity, 2.6 times the rate of followers. While 56% of top performers systematically feed their customer relationship management system with relevant data for service sales, only 40% of the followers do so. That's a missed opportunity because this information can be crucial to planning service sales initiatives targeting underserved customers.

Companies that develop an effective go-to-market strategy for their service business can quickly reap significant rewards.

Figure 2: Mapping service opportunities across the product life cycle can boost sales



Consider the holistic approach one US-based industrial machinery manufacturer took to revamping its service operations and enhancing its sales approach. It started by defining what it considered standard service work for each major product and contract type. Then it built a bottom-up forecast for each type of service bill and reconciled that with the business's top-down budget guidance.

The manufacturer also created standardized solutions and sales collateral for major operating issues expected in the fleet of sold products. As projected service events approached, the company established a series of milestone dates as guideposts for adjusting the scope of service tasks, releasing material and crews, and refining cost estimates. For its aging fleet, the company developed a package of streamlined services to stay cost-competitive with independent service providers.

Lastly, for long-term contract renegotiations and bigger transactions, it established recurring, simple meeting formats with account teams that focused the conversations on a small set of key metrics.

This combination of efforts has helped increase the efficiency and effectiveness of the manufacturer's service sales team.

Clearly defining route-to-market and commercial responsibilities. Best-in-class industrial companies clearly define their route to market (direct vs. indirect sales, inside vs. field salesforces, e-commerce vs. brick-and-mortar stores) and service sales accountability across the product life cycle. They also define their sales approach for each customer touchpoint, segment, and product.

The leading companies always put their best foot forward in each situation and account. That might sound obvious, but a lot of companies fall short because they undervalue a key principle: service sales isn't the sole responsibility of the service organization. It's a companywide effort that involves new equipment and service sales personnel, but also includes nonsales employees (service technicians, customer support teams) and new channels (e-commerce, external partners), and often features a hybrid approach between these channels.

Rigorously managing service sales performance. Leading companies manage the service business's sales with the same level of professionalism as traditional goods. That means, for example, linking individual sales targets to the total value of the equipment's potential service needs over its life span, diligently managing frontline employees, and supporting them with coaching and sales tools, such as value calculators.

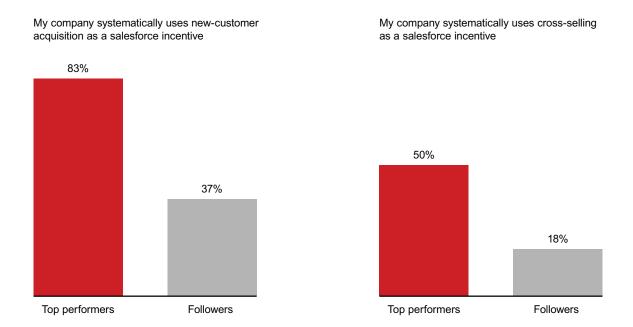
Part of what distinguishes top performers' strategy is they reward long-term value creation from both new and existing customers. In the University of St.Gallen survey, 83% of top performers' incentive plans for salespeople included new-customer acquisition, and 50% included cross-selling. Those rates were 2.2 times and 2.8 times higher than those of followers, respectively (see *Figure 3*).

Hilti, a Liechtenstein-based maker of power tools, fastening systems, and other construction and manufacturing products, aligned its salesforce's rewards with the core objective of increasing each customer's lifetime value. This means Hilti pursues a customer-centric strategy that views each one as a "partner," and the company seeks stable, sustained revenue growth from these relationships.

Part of what distinguishes top performers' strategy is they reward long-term value creation from both new and existing customers.

As a result, the company applies an incentive system to motivate salespeople to nurture long-term customer relationships instead of boosting specific services through incentives. This motivates salespeople to continuously deliver value to customers and take extra efforts to retain them. This approach has fostered alignment between the service and sales teams, rewarded long-term partnerships, and created more value for the customers and the company.

Figure 3: Many top-performing service businesses reward salespeople for acquiring new customers and cross-selling



Source: University of St.Gallen Institute of Technology Management service sales survey, August-November 2020 (n=54)

Of course, an attractive service offering and value proposition are required for these three pillars of the go-to-market strategy to be effective. These strategies also benefit from excellence in commercial operations (marketing, pricing, tools, and the organization). These elements can only increase the service business's potential upside.

Tapping the service business's full potential

A few simple questions can help industrial company executives understand the level of untapped growth in their service business, and begin to form a strategy to deliver on it.

- 1. Is the strategic role of service clearly defined in our overall strategy, and are we allocating resources and focus accordingly?
- 2. Does our company profoundly understand the service needs of our customer segments and related opportunities throughout the customer and product life cycle? If so, how effectively are we using this information to steer service sales?

University of St.Gallen | Bain & Company, Inc.

Industrial Services: How to Sharpen the Go-to-Market Strategy

- 3. Are we taking full advantage of available channels, digital capabilities, data analytics, and artificial intelligence tools to boost service sales?
- 4. Do we have clear roles and accountability of service sales defined across all stages in the product life cycle?
- 5. How effectively do we measure and reward service sales performance?

BAIN & COMPANY

Bold ideas. Bold teams. Extraordinary results.

Bain & Company is a global consultancy that helps the world's most ambitious change makers define the future.

Across 61 offices in 38 countries, we work alongside our clients as one team with a shared ambition to achieve extraordinary results, outperform the competition, and redefine industries. We complement our tailored, integrated expertise with a vibrant ecosystem of digital innovators to deliver better, faster, and more enduring outcomes. Our 10-year commitment to invest more than \$1 billion in pro bono services brings our talent, expertise, and insight to organizations tackling today's urgent challenges in education, racial equity, social justice, economic development, and the environment. We earned a gold rating from EcoVadis, the leading platform for environmental, social, and ethical performance ratings for global supply chains, putting us in the top 2% among other consulting firms. Since our founding in 1973, we have measured our success by the success of our clients, and we proudly maintain the highest level of client advocacy in the industry.

For more information, visit www.bain.com

AMSTERDAM • ATLANTA • AUSTIN • BANGKOK • BEIJING • BENGALURU • BERLIN • BOGOTÁ • BOSTON • BRUSSELS • BUENOS AIRES • CHICAGO • COPENHAGEN DALLAS • DOHA • DUBAI • DÜSSELDORF • FRANKFURT • HELSINKI • HONG KONG • HOUSTON • ISTANBUL • JAKARTA • JOHANNESBURG • KUALA LUMPUR • KYIV LAGOS • LONDON • LOS ANGELES • MADRID • MANILA • MELBOURNE • MEXICO CITY • MILAN • MINNEAPOLIS • MOSCOW • MUMBAI • MUNICH • NEW DELHI NEW YORK • OSLO • PALO ALTO • PARIS • PERTH • RIO DE JANEIRO • RIYADH • ROME • SAN FRANCISCO • SANTIAGO • SÃO PAULO • SEATTLE • SEOUL • SHANGHAI SINGAPORE • STOCKHOLM • SYDNEY • TOKYO • TORONTO • WARSAW • WASHINGTON, DC • ZURICH



University of St.Gallen

Founded in 1898, the University of St.Gallen in Switzerland consistently ranks among the top European business schools. The university is internationally recognized for the excellence of its integrative education through EQUIS, AACSB, and AMBA accreditation. Its programs in business administration, economics, law, social sciences, and international affairs attracts a diverse and motivated student body of 9,000 students from 83 countries.

For more information, visit www.unisg.ch/en